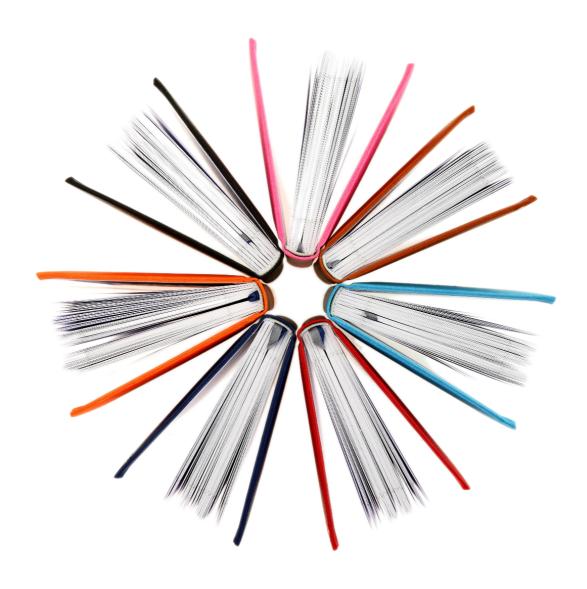
## Deloitte.



## **Awhitu District School**

Report to the Board of Trustees for the year ended 31 December 2022



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30 May 2023

Chair, Board of Trustees Awhitu District School Matakawau Road, Awhitu 2684

**Dear Trustees** 

#### Report to the Board of Trustees for the year ended 31 December 2022

In accordance with our normal practice, we include in the attached report all matters arising from our audit of the financial statements of Awhitu District School ("the School") for the year ended 31 December 2022 which we consider appropriate for the attention of the Board of Trustees ("the Board"). These matters have been discussed with management of the School and their comments have been included, where appropriate.

This report is intended for the Board only and should not be distributed further.

We would like to take this opportunity to extend our appreciation to management and staff for their assistance and cooperation during the course of our audit.

If you would like to discuss any matters raised in this report please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours faithfully

Matt Laing

Partner

for Deloitte Limited

On behalf of the Office of the Auditor General



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## 1. Purpose of report and responsibility statement

This report has been prepared for Awhitu District School's Board of Trustees and is part of our ongoing discussions as auditor in accordance with our engagement letter dated 31 August 2021 and as required by New Zealand auditing standards.

This report is intended for the Board of Trustees and should not be distributed further. We do not accept any responsibility for reliance that a third party might place on this report should they obtain a copy without our consent.

This report includes only those matters that have come to our attention as a result of performing our audit procedures and which we believe are appropriate to communicate to the Board. The ultimate responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements rests with the Board of Trustees.

We are responsible for conducting an audit of Awhitu District School ("the School") for the year ended 31 December 2022 in accordance with New Zealand auditing standards issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our audit is performed pursuant to the requirements of the Public Audit Act 2001, with the objective of forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of the Board of Trustees. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or the Board of Trustees of their responsibilities.

Our audit is not designed to provide assurance as to the overall effectiveness of the School's controls but we will provide you with any recommendations on controls that we might have identified during the course of our audit work.

## 2. Our audit report

We have not identified any unadjusted differences or omitted financial statement disclosures that could either individually or in aggregate have a significant effect on the financial statements.

Based on the current status of our audit work, we envisage issuing an unmodified audit report.



## 3. Areas of focus and audit findings

Our audit procedures were focused on those areas of the School's activities that are considered to represent the significant risk areas identified during the risk assessment process undertaken during the planning stage of our engagement.

The following table summarises the significant risks and other areas that we have focussed on during our audit.

#### Area of focus

#### Responsibility of Fraud

# ISA (NZ) 240 The auditor's responsibility to consider fraud in an audit of financial statements requires us to presume there are risks of fraud in revenue recognition and in management's override of controls therefore this is a focus area for the audit.

Management's override of controls is identified as a fraud risk because it represents those controls in which manipulation of the financial results could occur.

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with the Board of Trustees (the 'Board').

#### Our response

We gained an understanding of how the Board exercise oversight of management's processes for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud and the internal control that management has established to mitigate these risks. This involved:

- Inquiries with management and others within the school, as appropriate, regarding their knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the school;
- Inquiries with members of the Board regarding their knowledge of any fraud, suspected fraud or allegations of fraud; and
- Reviewing processes around journal entries, estimates and judgements and significant unusual business transactions.

We did not identify any matters to report to the Board.

We would also like to remind the Board that cyber-fraud is becoming more prelevant. The Ministry of Education have provided guidance on their website on cyber-safety which we encourage the Board be familiar with.





#### Area of focus

#### Locally raised funds

Locally raised funds are a focus area because there is a risk that not all cash received is recorded. Although schools may have a process to record cash receipts, the risk of misappropriation is high if there are limited segregation of duties

#### Our response

As part of our audit procedures, we have:

- Assessed the design and implementation of internal controls surrounding all material revenue streams; and
- Performed testing on these balances as well as performing analytical procedures, on balances identified as material.

No issues were identified in this area.

#### Payroll

Payroll expense for schools is the most material expense and is a focus area due to this and historical complications with the processing of payroll. Part of the payroll process is managed centrally by EdPay.

The EdPay system relies on schools checking the accuracy of the payroll transactions processed by the school, as this information is not checked centrally. In October 2021 "Novopay Online Transaction Report" was discontinued and the replacement transaction reports in EdPay were not all available until the end of March 2022.

Updated guidance on the controls within EdPay that should be operating at schools has been published on the EdPay website.

As part of the audit process, we obtain reports from the Office of the Auditor General (through the audit assurance work performed by E&Y) which aided us in completing our audit of the payroll balances.

The reports provided by the Office of the Auditor General are made available to the school along with instructions on how to understand them.

Consistent with our prior year audits we have inquired with the school regarding any exceptions identified as well as any differences to amounts recorded.

We have performed testing on key payroll controls and substantive analytical procedures to ensure that the payroll balances were not materially misstated in the financial statements.

A copy of the signed School Annual Accrual Report (SAAR) certification was received prior to completion of the audit. This certification indicated that that the payroll reports were reviewed by the Principal and Chair and allowed the school to report any errors that you did not agree with.

Refer to section 4 below for issues raised.





Area of focus Our response

#### Sensitive expenditure

Being a public sector entity, we are required to perform specific work on behalf of the Auditor –General around areas referred to as sensitive expenditure.

In performing the audit we looked at various areas including:

- Ensuring that policies are current and were appropriately authorised;
- Reviewing various expenditure by the Principal and the Board against supporting tax invoices, other documentation and relevant policies and approval guidelines;
- Reviewing other sensitive areas such as travel, entertainment and credit cards against supporting tax invoices, other documentation and relevant policies and approval guidelines;
- Discussing with the Principal and Chair of the Board about fraud processes and policies and knowledge of any suspected or identified fraud during the year (if applicable); and
- Reviewing Board and Principal remuneration against guidance and confirmations.

No issues identified.

#### Cyclical maintenance

The provision for cyclical maintenance is a significant accounting estimate in school financial statements. However it is not a complex estimate because there is a standard method for calculating the provision and the provision is required to be updated frequently.

An annual review of the provision for cyclical maintenance should be undertaken to ensure the provision is reasonable and reliable.

For the school's cyclical maintenance provision, we have:

- Considered if it is calculated by a Ministry Engaged Consultant, a property consultant from a Ministry-approved panel or an independent external expert;
- Agreed the inputs to the provision calculation to the maintenance plan in the approved ten year property plan ('10YPP'), and checked the provision calculation for mathematical accuracy;
- Carried out a reasonableness check based on whether the provision is consistent with our understanding of the school; and
- Considered whether there have been any changes at the school since the 10YPP was prepared that would impact on the maintenance plan.



#### 4. Assessment of internal controls

Our audit approach requires us to obtain an understanding of an entity's internal controls, sufficient to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error.

We remind you that our audit is not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the controls operating within the School, although we have reported to management any recommendations on controls that we identified during the course of our audit work. The matters being communicated are limited to those deficiencies that we have identified during the audit and that we have concluded are of sufficient importance to merit being reported. Any of our recommendations for improvement should be assessed by you for their full commercial implications before they are implemented.

As is the case for many schools, the number of people involved in the administration and accounting functions is very limited. This brings with it an increased inherent risk that errors and omissions may occur and go undetected.

Based on the nature of the school's revenue streams, the receipt and recording of Locally Raised Funds and Donations (excluding the Donations Scheme from the Government), will likely be more susceptible to fraud. For these revenue streams there are limited audit procedures we can adopt to ensure all money that should be received is properly accounted for.

It is important that the Board is aware of these risks as it is your responsibility to ensure the School's internal controls operate effectively and that the resultant financial statements are accurate.

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in internal controls which would impact upon our ability to provide our opinion. However, we did note a number of control observations and these are detailed below.

#### Observations and recommendations in the current period

| Observation  | Recommendation  | Management's Response  |
|--|---|--|
| As part of our review of the expenditure business cycle it was explained that the School has a process in place to review changes to the supplier Masterfile data, but no evidence was available to support these reviews being performed. | We recommend that for changes in the supplier Masterfile data and in particularly bank account details, that a review of the changes made is undertaken. The review should be undertaken by someone who does not have the ability to effect changes to the Masterfile data and is independent of the person making the change Appropriate evidence should be maintained of these reviews. | We currently reviewing this internal process and as part of this will be putting in a process to ensure any changes to suppliers is checked by an independent person to who processes the changes. |
| As part of our payroll control testing, Deloitte found that the review and approval of the final fortnightly payroll (SUE) report was done by Megan Allen (Principal), who also has access to the EdPay system.                            | We recommend the School to review the guidance and resources for schools on payroll controls which are available on the training page of the EdPay website. This includes a checklist of best practice payroll controls - 'School internal processes and controls - payroll'.   | We will undertake to review the latest guidance on the EdPay website and adopt any practical processes that fit within these best practice payroll controls.                                       |
| This is not in line with the updated guidance provided by EdPay which details that the review and approval of the SUE report should be undertaken by an appropriate staff member, but that staff member should not have access to Edpay.   |   |  |



#### Observation Recommendation Management's Response In October 2021, the "Novopay We recommend the School review the guidance on We will undertake to review the latest Online Transaction Report" was payroll controls to implement which is available on guidance on the EdPay website and discontinued and the the training page of the EdPay website. This adopt any practical processes that fit replacement for this report was includes a checklist of best practice payroll controls within these best practice payroll - 'School internal processes and controls - payroll'. not in place until the end of controls. Further discussions will take March 2022. Subsequently, place between Management and the For payroll transactions incurred prior to March EdPay has made available Board with regards to transacitons prior timesheet, leave and activity 2022 we recommend that the Board seek from to March 2022 to ensure transctions history reports that can be management assurance that appropriate controls were accurate. reviewed to support payroll are in place at the school over payroll transactions spend incurred. in lieu of the "Novopay Online Transaction Report" being available. Prior to March 2022 the lack of a Masterfile change report could potentially provide an opportunity for fraud or error to go undetected.

## 5. Summary of unadjusted differences

We have not identified any uncorrected misstatements that management believe could, either individually or in aggregate, have a material effect on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## Summary of omitted disclosures assessed

We have not identified any disclosure deficiencies that have not been adjusted in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### 7. Other communications

The following matters relevant to our audit of the School for the year ended 31 December 2022 are communicated in accordance with the requirements of New Zealand auditing standards.

| Matter to be communicated | Response  |
|---------------------------|---|
| Written representations   | A copy of the representation letter to be signed on behalf of the Board has been circulated separately.   |
| Fraud                     | The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with the Board, including designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. |
|                           | As auditors, we obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error.  |
|                           | ISA (NZ) 240 The auditor's responsibility to consider fraud in an audit of financial statements requires us to obtain an understanding of how those charged with governance   |



| Matter to be communicated                   | Response  |
|---|---|
|   | exercise oversight of management's processes for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud and the internal control that management has established to mitigate these risks.   |
|   | No matters relating to fraud, concerning either employees or management came to our attention.  |
|   | If you do suspect or become aware of any fraud, please contact Matt Laing to discuss further.   |
| Accounting policies and financial reporting | There were no changes in accounting policies during the year ended 31 December 2022.  |
|   | We have not become aware of any significant qualitative aspects of the entity's accounting practices, including judgements about accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures that need to be communicated to the Board, other than those already communicated in this report. |
| Related parties                             | No significant related party matters other than those reflected in the financial statements came to our attention that, in our professional judgement, need to be communicated to the Board.  |
| Other information                           | We have read the other information (the financial and non-financial information other than the financial statements) contained within the annual report to consider whether there are material inconsistences with the financial statements. No issues identified.  |



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